

MolDX: Molecular Diagnostic Tests (MDT)

Medicare Advantage Medical Policy #MA-023

Original Effective Date: 06/18/2024

Current Effective Date: 04/01/2025

Applies to all products administered or underwritten by the Health Plan, unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.

When Services May Be Eligible for Coverage

Coverage for eligible medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products may be provided only if:

- *Benefits are available in the member's contract/certificate, and*
- *Medical necessity criteria and guidelines are met.*

Based on review of available data, the Health Plan may consider genetic and molecular diagnostic testing to be **eligible for coverage**** based on coverage determinations under the Palmetto GBA Molecular diagnostic MolDX® Program.

Note: LCDs included in the MolDX® program are available at [Palmetto GBA MolDX LCDs](#) and can also be viewed in Interqual®.

When Services Are Considered Investigational

Coverage is not available for investigational medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products.

Based on review of available data, the Health Plan considers all genetic and molecular diagnostic testing that is not covered under the Palmetto GBA MolDX® Program to be **investigational.***

Background/Overview

Medicare Advantage Members

Coverage criteria for Medicare Advantage members can be found in Medicare coverage guidelines in statutes, regulations, National Coverage Determinations (NCD)s, and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD)s. To determine if a National or Local Coverage Determination addresses coverage for a specific service, refer to the Medicare Coverage Database at the following link: www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx. You may wish to review the Guide to the MCD Search here: www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/help/mcd-bene-help.aspx.

When coverage criteria are not fully established in applicable Medicare statutes, regulations, NCDs or LCDs, internal coverage criteria will be developed. This policy is to serve as the summary of evidence, a list of resources and an explanation of the rationale that supports the adoption of the coverage criteria and is to be used by all plans and lines of business unless Federal or State law, contract language, including member or provider contracts, take precedence over the policy.

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Basic Requirements for Clinical Appropriateness:

1. Before diagnostic or therapeutic intervention, a clinician must confirm the diagnosis or establish the likelihood based on a history and physical exam and, when appropriate, a review of laboratory studies, previous diagnostic testing and response to any prior interventions, specifically relevant to the clinical situation.
2. An alternative treatment or other appropriate intervention should not offer any greater benefit based on standards of medical practice and/or current literature.
3. The potential benefit to the patient should outweigh the risk of the diagnostic or therapeutic intervention.
4. A reasonable likelihood of the intervention changing management and/or leading to an improved outcome for the patient must exist, based on the clinical evaluation, current literature and standards of medical practice.

If these requirements are not apparent in the request for authorization, including the clinical documentation provided, the determination of appropriateness will most likely require a peer-to-peer conversation to understand the individual and unique facts that would supersede the requirements set forth above. During the peer-to-peer conversation, factors such as patient acuity and setting of service may also be taken into account.

Simultaneous ordering of multiple diagnostic or therapeutic interventions and/or repeated diagnostic or therapeutic interventions in the same anatomic area may be denied, unless individual circumstances support the medical necessity of performing interventions simultaneously or repeatedly. This should be apparent in the clinical documentation or in peer-to-peer conversations.

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CMS National Coverage Policy

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A), states that no Medicare payment shall be made for items or services that "are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of malformed body member."

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §(a)(1)(D), Investigational or Experimental. 45 CFR §162.1002 (a)(5), Medical data code sets

CMS Internet-Only Manual, Pub. 100-08, Medicare Program Integrity Manual, Chapter 13, §13.5.4 Reasonable and Necessary Provisions in LCDs

Coverage Guidance

Coverage Indications, Limitations, and/or Medical Necessity

This coverage policy provides the following information:

- Defines tests required to register for a unique identifier
- Defines tests required to submit a complete technical assessment (TA) for coverage determination

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- Defines the payment rules applied to covered tests that are not reported with specific codes from a code set recognized in 45 CFR §162.1002 (a)(5), and termed “HIPAA compliant code sets” throughout the remainder of this coverage policy
- Lists specific covered tests that have completed the registration and TA process and meets Medicare’s reasonable and necessary criteria for coverage.

Tests evaluated through the application process and/or technical assessment will be reviewed to answer the following questions:

- Is the test performed in the absence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease?
- Will the test results provide the clinician with information that will improve patient outcomes and/or change physician care and treatment of the patient?
- Will the test results confirm a diagnosis or known information?
- Is the test performed to determine risk for developing a disease or condition?
- Will risk assessment change management of the patient?
- Is there a diagnosis specific indication to perform the test? Is the test performed to measure the quality of a process or for Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QC/QA), i.e., a test to ensure a tissue specimen matches the patient?

Molecular Diagnostic Test (MDT) Policy Specific Definitions

MDT: Any test that involves the detection or identification of nucleic acid(s) deoxyribonucleic acid/ribonucleic acid (DNA/RNA), proteins, chromosomes, enzymes, cancer chemotherapy sensitivity and/or other metabolite(s). The test may or may not include multiple components. An MDT may consist of a single mutation analysis/identification, and/or may or may not rely upon an algorithm or other form of data evaluation/derivation.

Laboratory developed test (LDT): Any test developed by a laboratory developed without Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval or clearance.

Applicable Tests/Assays

In addition to the MDT definition, this coverage policy applies to all tests that meet at least one of the following descriptions:

- All non-FDA approved/cleared laboratory developed tests (LDT)
- All modified FDA-approved/cleared kits/tests/assays
- All tests/assays billed with more than one code from a HIPAA compliant code set to identify the service, including combinations of method-based, serology-based, and anatomic pathology codes
- All tests that meet the first three bullets and are billed with a Not Otherwise Classified (NOC) code

Unique Test Identifier Requirement

Because the available language in the current HIPAA compliant code sets used to describe the pathology and laboratory categories and the tests included in those categories are not specific to

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the actual test results provided, all MDT services must include an identifier as additional claim documentation. Test providers must receive an identifier specific to the applicable test and submit the test assigned identifier with the claim for reimbursement. The assigned identifier will provide a crosswalk between the test's associated detail information on file and the submitted claim detail line(s) required to adjudicate each test's claim. The unique identifier limits the need to submit the required additional information about the test on each claim.

Technology Assessments (TA)

Molecular Diagnostic Services Program (MolDX®) will review all new test/assay clinical information to determine if a test meets Medicare's reasonable and necessary requirement. Labs must submit a comprehensive dossier on each new test/assay prior to claim submission. MolDX® will only cover and reimburse tests that demonstrate analytical and clinical validity, and clinical utility at a level that meets the Medicare reasonable and necessary requirement.

Rationale/Source

This medical policy was developed through consideration of peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status, nationally accepted standards of medical practice and accepted standards of medical practice in this community, technology evaluation centers, reference to federal regulations, other plan medical policies, and accredited national guidelines.

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Policy History

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06/18/2024 Utilization Management Committee review/approval. New policy.

03/18/2025 Utilization Management Committee review/approval. Use of Palmetto GBA MolDX Program LCDs designated by the Health Plan to guide coverage determinations. Investigational statement added.

Next Scheduled Review Date: 03/2026

Coding

The five character codes included in the Health Plan Medical Policy Coverage Guidelines are obtained from Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®)‡, copyright 2025 by the American Medical Association (AMA). CPT is developed by the AMA as a listing of descriptive terms and five character identifying codes and modifiers for reporting medical services and procedures performed by physician.

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CPT is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association.

Codes used to identify services associated with this policy may include (but may not be limited to) the following:

Code Type	Code
CPT	81105, 81106, 81107, 81108, 81109, 81110, 81111, 81112, 81120, 81121, 81161, 81162, 81163, 81164, 81165, 81166, 81167, 81168, 81170, 81171, 81172, 81173, 81174, 81175, 81176, 81177, 81178, 81179, 81180, 81181, 81182, 81183, 81184, 81185, 81186, 81187,

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81188, 81189, 81190, 81191, 81192, 81193, 81194, 81200, 81201, 81202, 81203, 81204, 81205, 81206, 81207, 81208, 81209, 81210, 81212, 81215, 81216, 81217, 81218, 81219, 81220, 81221, 81222, 81223, 81224, 81225, 81226, 81227, 81228, 81229, 81230, 81231, 81232, 81233, 81234, 81235, 81236, 81237, 81238, 81239, 81240, 81241, 81242, 81243, 81244, 81245, 81246, 81247, 81248, 81249, 81250, 81251, 81252, 81253, 81254, 81255, 81256, 81257, 81258, 81259, 81260, 81261, 81262, 81263, 81264, 81265, 81266, 81267, 81268, 81269, 81270, 81271, 81272, 81273, 81274, 81275, 81276, 81277, 81278, 81279, 81283, 81284, 81285, 81286, 81287, 81288, 81289, 81290, 81291, 81292, 81293, 81294, 81295, 81296, 81297, 81298, 81299, 81300, 81301, 81302, 81303, 81304, 81305, 81306, 81307, 81308, 81309, 81310, 81311, 81312, 81313, 81314, 81315, 81316, 81317, 81318, 81319, 81320, 81321, 81322, 81323, 81324, 81325, 81326, 81327, 81328, 81329, 81330, 81331, 81332, 81333, 81334, 81335, 81336, 81337, 81338, 81339, 81340, 81341, 81342, 81343, 81344, 81345, 81346, 81347, 81348, 81349, 81350, 81351, 81352, 81353, 81355, 81357, 81360, 81361, 81362, 81363, 81364, 81374, 81377, 81381, 81383, 81400, 81401, 81402, 81403, 81404, 81405, 81406, 81407, 81408, 81410, 81411, 81412, 81413, 81414, 81415, 81416, 81417, 81419, 81420, 81422, 81425, 81426, 81427, 81430, 81431, 81432, 81433, 81434, 81435, 81436, 81437, 81438, 81439, 81440, 81441, 81442, 81443, 81445, 81448, 81449, 81450, 81451, 81455, 81456, 81460, 81465, 81470, 81471, 81479, 81493, 81504, 81507, 81518, 81519, 81520, 81521, 81522, 81523, 81525, 81528, 81529, 81540, 81541, 81542, 81546, 81551, 81552, 81554, 81595, 0004M, 0006M, 0007M, 0011M, 0012M, 0013M, 0016M, 0017M, 0001U, 0005U, 0016U, 0017U, 0018U, 0019U, 0022U, 0023U, 0026U, 0027U, 0029U, 0030U, 0031U, 0032U, 0033U, 0034U, 0036U, 0037U, 0040U, 0045U, 0046U, 0047U, 0048U, 0049U, 0050U, 0055U, 0060U, 0069U, 0070U, 0071U, 0072U, 0073U, 0074U, 0075U, 0076U, 0078U, 0079U, 0084U, 0087U, 0088U, 0089U, 0090U, 0091U, 0094U, 0101U, 0102U, 0103U, 0111U, 0112U, 0113U, 0114U, 0118U, 0120U, 0129U, 0130U, 0131U, 0132U, 0133U, 0134U, 0135U, 0136U, 0137U, 0138U, 0153U, 0154U, 0155U, 0156U, 0157U, 0158U, 0159U, 0160U, 0161U, 0162U, 0169U, 0170U, 0171U, 0172U, 0173U, 0175U, 0177U, 0179U, 0180U, 0181U, 0182U, 0183U, 0184U, 0185U, 0186U, 0187U, 0188U, 0189U, 0190U, 0191U, 0192U, 0193U, 0194U, 0195U, 0196U, 0197U, 0198U, 0199U, 0200U, 0201U, 0203U, 0204U, 0205U, 0209U, 0211U, 0212U, 0213U, 0214U, 0215U, 0216U, 0217U, 0218U, 0221U, 0222U, 0229U, 0230U,

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HCPCS	
ICD-10 Diagnosis	All related diagnoses

*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

- A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or
- B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:
 - 1. Consultation with technology evaluation center(s);
 - 2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
 - 3. Reference to federal regulations.

**Medically Necessary (or “Medical Necessity”) - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

- A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
- B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
- C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

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For these purposes, “nationally accepted standards of medical practice” means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

‡ Indicated trademarks are the registered trademarks of their respective owners.

NOTICE: If the Patient’s health insurance contract contains language that differs from the Health Plan’s Medical Policy definition noted above, the definition in the health insurance contract will be relied upon for specific coverage determinations.

NOTICE: Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Health Plan recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.

NOTICE: Federal and State law, as well as contract language, including definitions and specific contract provisions/exclusions, take precedence over Medical Policy and must be considered first in determining eligibility for coverage.

Medicare Advantage Members

Established coverage criteria for Medicare Advantage members can be found in Medicare coverage guidelines in statutes, regulations, National Coverage Determinations (NCD)s, and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD)s. To determine if a National or Local Coverage Determination addresses coverage for a specific service, refer to the Medicare Coverage Database at the following link: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. You may wish to review the Guide to the MCD Search here: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/help/mcd-benehelp.aspx>.

When coverage criteria are not fully established in applicable Medicare statutes, regulations, NCDs or LCDs, internal coverage criteria may be developed. This policy is to serve as the summary of evidence, a list of resources and an explanation of the rationale that supports the adoption of this internal coverage criteria.

InterQual®

InterQual® is utilized as a source of medical evidence to support medical necessity and level of care decisions. InterQual® criteria are intended to be used in connection with the independent professional medical judgment of a qualified health care provider. InterQual® criteria are clinically based on best practice, clinical data, and medical literature. The criteria are updated continually and released annually. InterQual® criteria are a first-level screening tool to assist in determining if the proposed services are clinically indicated and provided in the appropriate level

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or whether further evaluation is required. The utilization review staff does the first-level screening. If the criteria are met, the case is approved; if the criteria are not met, the case is referred to the medical director.